



Inlet Aspiration Efficiency of the DUSTTRAK™ Environmental Enclosure Model 8520-1

The Model 8520-1 DustTrak Environmental Enclosure utilizes an external omnidirectional aerosol inlet to collect and direct particles into the TSI Model 8520 DustTrak Aerosol Monitor. The design of the inlet maximizes the aspiration efficiency of aerosol particles in wind conditions ranging from calm air to wind speeds of 22 mph.



DustTrak Model 8520

Defining Aerosol Aspiration Efficiency

Aspiration efficiency is defined as the fraction of particles that are sampled, compared to the total number of particles actually present in the air. An aspiration efficiency of 1.0 means that all particles are sampled. Aspiration efficiency is size dependent. The larger the particle, the more likely it is to escape sampling because momentum effects prevent it from following the flow streams. Smaller particles follow the flow stream more easily, and are sampled with higher efficiency.



Environmental Enclosure Model 8520-1 with inlet assembly stored

Our knowledge of aerosol mechanics allows us to make predictions about the aspiration efficiencies of an inlet sampling in either calm or moving air. The mathematical models used to predict efficiency assume the use of a thin-walled cylindrical probe which is bent into the direction of the wind. To correctly apply these mathematical models to the TSI inlet, knowledge about why particle losses occur is necessary. Losses can be attributed to gravitational settling, particle impaction, and sub- or super-isokinetic effects.



Environmental Enclosure in-use

Sub-isokinetic sampling takes place when ambient wind speed is greater than the sampling velocity found at the inlet point of the aerosol sampler. This creates a high-pressure area in front of the inlet and causes the flow streamlines

to diverge around it. Extremely small particles (less than 1.0 micron) have low momentum and follow the streamlines. Larger particles that have more

momentum will have a tendency to remain traveling in the same direction and enter the sampler rather than follow the streamline around it. This can cause the larger particles to be artificially sampled, resulting in a mass concentration reading that is higher than the true value.

Super-isokinetic sampling can result in the disproportionate sampling of the smaller particles. The errors caused by super-isokinetic sampling are negligible for the Model 8020-1 because these small particles have very low mass and contribute very little to mass-based measurements made by a photometer (like the TSI DustTrak).



8520-1 Inlet Aspiration Efficiency Test Results

The aerosol inlet mounted on the 8520-1 DustTrak Environmental Enclosure was tested in an aerosol-generating wind tunnel to measure its aspiration efficiency characteristics. The wind tunnel generates aerosolized glass beads with a broad size distribution. Under the controlled environment used in these experiments, a stable aerosol concentration could be maintained for long periods of time. A TSI Aerodynamic Particle Sizer (APS) was used to count the number of particles being sampled by the 8520-1 inlet over a period of 1 minute. The true particle count (reference) was determined using a thin-walled bent tube sampler and mathematically adjusted to account for particle losses due to isokinetic sampling and particle impaction through the ninety degree bend. The APS was switched between the two samplers 11 times to statistically minimize any small fluctuations in aerosol concentration. The aspiration efficiency was calculated by taking the ratio of the particles sampled through the 8520-1 inlet to the particles sampled through the reference inlet. This same process was repeated for varying wind speeds of 5, 10, 14.1, and 22.4 mph. During all measurements, the inlet flow rate was maintained at 1.7 liters per minute, which is the flow rate used by the TSI DustTrak Model 8520. The entire test set up is shown below in Figure 1.

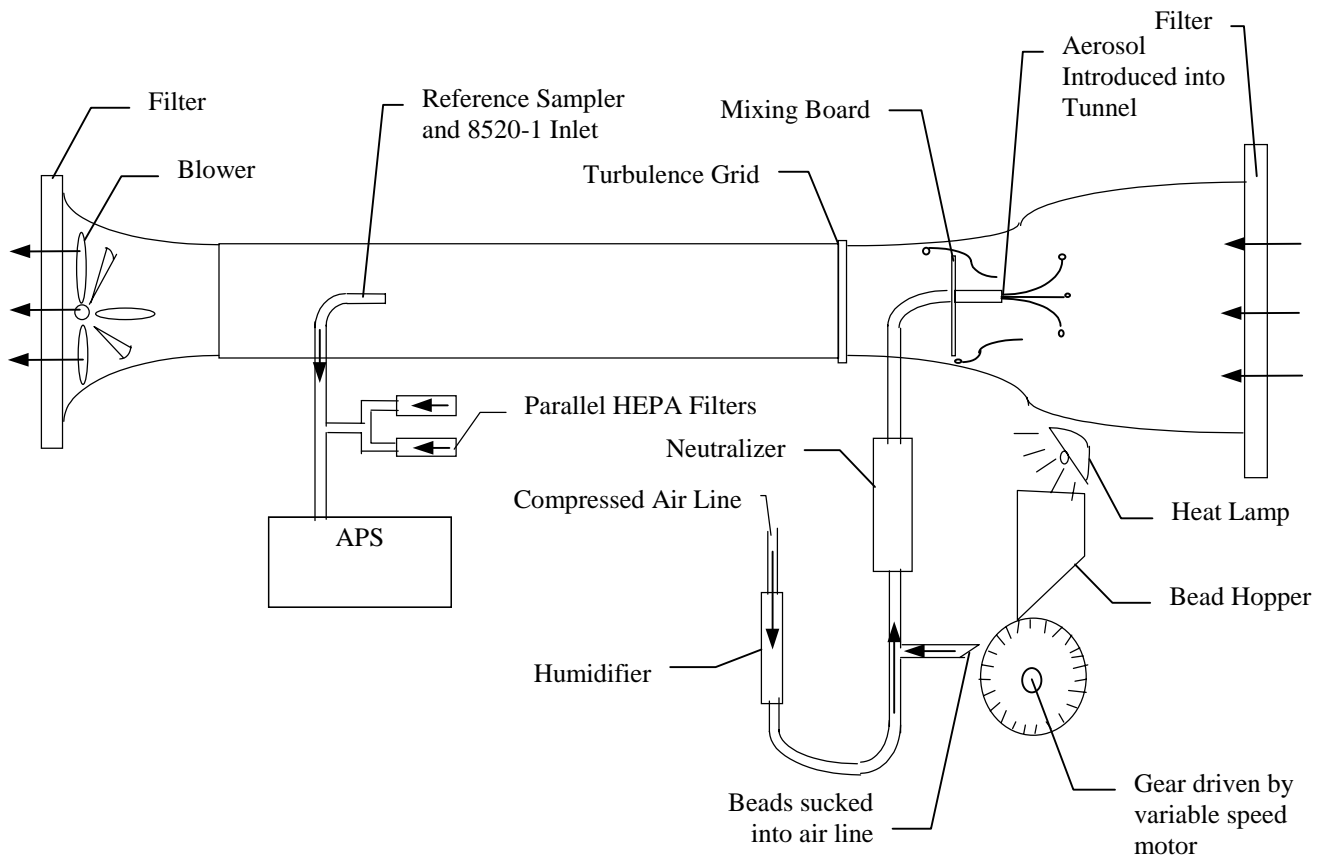
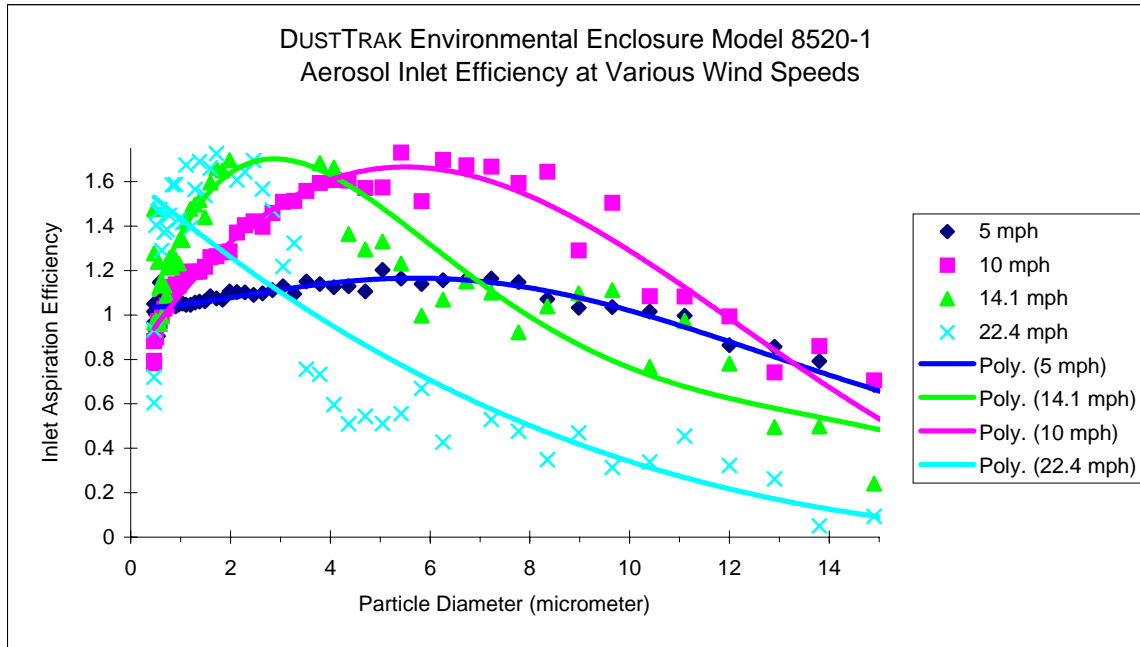


Figure 1 - Inlet Characterization Aerosol Wind Tunnel

The results obtained from this research show that the Model 8520-1 inlet samples all particles specified by the PM10 standard up to wind speeds of 22 mph.



Related documents:

DustTrak Model 8520 Operation and Service Manual (See Appendix B for Environmental Enclosure details)

http://www.tsi.com/hsi/homepage/manuals/man_page.htm

Environmental Enclosure Features and Specifications

<http://www.tsi.com/hsi/homepage/dusttrak/enclosur.htm>

DustTrak Features and Specifications

<http://www.tsi.com/hsi/homepage/dusttrak/dustspec.htm>

Additional Application Notes concerning the DustTrak

<http://www.tsi.com/hsi/homepage/applnote/applpage.htm>